

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED**

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

**Product name: BROADWAY™ Star 85 WG Herbicide**

**Revision Date:** 14.09.2018

**Version:** 4.0

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DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container.

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## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

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### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name:** BROADWAY™ Star 85 WG Herbicide

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses:** Plant Protection Product Herbicide

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED

CPC2 CAPITAL PARK

FULBOURN

CAMBRIDGE

England

CB21 5XE

UNITED KINGDOM

**Customer Information Number:**

SDSQuestion@dow.com

### 1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 0031 115 694 982

**Local Emergency Contact:** 00 31 115 69 4982

**National Poisons Information Centre (Beaumont Hospital):** 01 809 2166 (8 AM - 10 PM)

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## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

### Hazard pictograms



Signal word: **WARNING**

### Hazard statements

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

### Supplemental information

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

EUH208 Contains: Pyroxsulam; Cloquintocet-mexyl. May produce an allergic reaction.

## 2.3 Other hazards

No data available

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 422556-08-9 EC-No. Not available Index-No. -	-	7.1%	Pyroxsulam	Skin Sens. - 1B - H317 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410

<b>CASRN</b> 99607-70-2 <b>EC-No.</b> Not available <b>Index-No.</b> –	01-2119381871-32 01-2119401416-51 01-2119403579-35	7.1%	Cloquintocet-mexyl	Skin Sens. - 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
<b>CASRN</b> 145701-23-1 <b>EC-No.</b> Not available <b>Index-No.</b> 613-230-00-7	–	1.4%	Florasulam (ISO)	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
<b>CASRN</b> 1332-58-7 <b>EC-No.</b> 310-194-1 <b>Index-No.</b> –	–	> 30.0 - < 40.0 %	Kaolin	Not classified
<b>CASRN</b> 8061-51-6 <b>EC-No.</b> – <b>Index-No.</b> –	–	> 10.0 - < 20.0 %	Sodium lignosulfonate	Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319
<b>CASRN</b> 77-92-9 <b>EC-No.</b> 201-069-1 <b>Index-No.</b> –	01-2119457026-42	< 10.0 %	Citric acid	Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319
<b>CASRN</b> 14808-60-7 <b>EC-No.</b> 238-878-4 <b>Index-No.</b> –	–	< 1.0 %	Quartz	Not classified

If present in this product, any not classified components disclosed above for which no country specific OEL value(s) is(are) indicated under Section 8, are being disclosed as voluntarily disclosed components.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

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### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** No emergency medical treatment necessary.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

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## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

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### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** No data available

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. To reduce the potential for dust explosions, do not permit dust to accumulate.

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Consider feasibility of a controlled burn to minimize environment damage. Foam fire extinguishing system is preferred because uncontrolled water can spread possible contamination. Soak thoroughly with water

to cool and prevent re-ignition. Cool surroundings with water to localize fire zone. Hand held dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguishers may be used for small fires. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Keep upwind of spill. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:** References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

**7.3 Specific end use(s):** Refer to product label.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
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Pyroxsulam	Dow IHG	TWA	5 mg/m3
	Dow IHG	TWA	Skin Sensitizer
Kaolin	ACGIH	TWA Respirable fraction	2 mg/m3
	IE OEL	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) Respirable dust	2 mg/m3
Quartz	ACGIH	TWA Respirable fraction	0.025 mg/m3 , Silica
	IE OEL	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) Respirable dust	0.1 mg/m3 , Silica

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

**Individual protection measures**

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove is recommended to prevent contact with the solid material. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne

concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2 (meeting standard EN 14387).

### Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	Granules.
Color	Tan
Odor	Musty
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	5.5 1% CIPAC MT 75 (1% dispersion)
Melting point/range	No test data available
Freezing point	Not applicable
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	Not applicable
Flash point	<b>closed cup</b> Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Lower explosion limit	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	Not applicable
Relative Density (water = 1)	Not applicable
Water solubility	Dispersible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	244 °C <i>EC Method A16</i> Ramped Temperature
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Dynamic Viscosity	Not applicable
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable
Explosive properties	No <i>EEC A14</i>
Oxidizing properties	No

### 9.2 Other information

Bulk density	0.58 g/cm <sup>3</sup> <i>Tapped Volumetric</i>
Molecular weight	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**10.1 Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**10.2 Chemical stability:** Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:** Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures.

**10.5 Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides.

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

##### Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined. For similar material(s):  
LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

##### Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

The dermal LD50 has not been determined. For similar material(s):  
LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

##### Acute inhalation toxicity

Prolonged excessive exposure to dust may cause adverse effects. Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.



### **Sensitization**

For similar material(s):

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

For the active ingredient(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Thymus.

Bladder.

Thyroid.

Bone marrow.

### **Carcinogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. A risk assessment has been conducted for this product and has shown, that under normal handling, the minor components will not pose a hazard.

### **Teratogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

### **Mutagenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## **COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:**

### **Pyroxsulam**

#### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.12 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

### **Cloquintocet-mexyl**

#### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.42 mg/l

### **Florasulam (ISO)**

#### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.0 mg/l

**Kaolin****Acute inhalation toxicity**

The LC50 has not been determined.

**Sodium lignosulfonate****Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 0.48 mg/l

**Citric acid****Acute inhalation toxicity**

The LC50 has not been determined.

**Quartz****Acute inhalation toxicity**

Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties. Dust may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. Excessive exposure may cause lung injury.

The LC50 has not been determined.

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**12.1 Toxicity****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 56 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

For similar material(s):

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, Lemna minor (duckweed), 7 d, Growth rate inhibition, 0.026 mg/l

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), Growth inhibition, 72 Hour, 1.4 mg/l

**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Pyroxsulam**

**Biodegradability:** Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 20 - 30 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

**Cloquintocet-mexyl****Biodegradability:** No relevant data found.**Florasulam (ISO)****Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 2 %**Exposure time:** 28 d**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 0.85 mg/mg**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	0.012 mg/mg

**Stability in Water (1/2-life)**

, &gt; 30 d

**Photodegradation****Atmospheric half-life:** 1.82 Hour**Method:** Estimated.**Kaolin****Biodegradability:** Biodegradation is not applicable.**Sodium lignosulfonate****Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** < 5 %**Exposure time:** 28 d**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301E**Photodegradation****Atmospheric half-life:** 0.098 d**Method:** Estimated.**Citric acid****Biodegradability:** Material is expected to be readily biodegradable. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 97 %**Exposure time:** 28 d**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 98 %**Exposure time:** 7 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

**Quartz**

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation is not applicable.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

**Pyroxsulam**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -1.01 Measured

**Cloquintocet-mexyl**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 5.3 Estimated.

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 122 - 621 Fish

**Florasulam (ISO)**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -1.22

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.8 Fish 28 d Measured

**Kaolin**

**Bioaccumulation:** Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

**Sodium lignosulfonate**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -3.45 Estimated.

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 3.2 Fish

**Citric acid**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -1.72 at 20 °C Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.01 Fish Measured

**Quartz**

**Bioaccumulation:** Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Pyroxsulam**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** <= 42 Estimated.

**Cloquintocet-mexyl**

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 38070 Estimated.

**Florasulam (ISO)**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 4 - 54

**Kaolin**

No relevant data found.

**Sodium lignosulfonate**

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** > 99999 Estimated.

**Citric acid**

No relevant data found.

**Quartz**

No relevant data found.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment****Pyroxsulam**

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**Cloquintocet-mexyl**

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**Florasulam (ISO)**

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**Kaolin**

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**Sodium lignosulfonate**

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

**Citric acid**

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**Quartz**

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

**12.6 Other adverse effects****Pyroxsulam**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Cloquintocet-mexyl**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Florasulam (ISO)**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Kaolin**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Sodium lignosulfonate**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Citric acid**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Quartz**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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**Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):**

14.1 UN number	UN 3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.(PYROXSULAM, CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	PYROXSULAM, CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL
14.6 Special precautions for user	Hazard Identification Number: 90

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

14.1 UN number	UN 3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.(PYROXSULAM, CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	PYROXSULAM, CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL

- 14.6 **Special precautions for user** EmS: F-A, S-F
- 14.7 **Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code** Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

- 14.1 **UN number** UN 3077
- 14.2 **UN proper shipping name** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.(CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL, PYROXSULAM)
- 14.3 **Transport hazard class(es)** 9
- 14.4 **Packing group** III
- 14.5 **Environmental hazards** Not applicable
- 14.6 **Special precautions for user** No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

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### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

#### Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Number in Regulation: E1

100 t

200 t

#### Other regulations

Registration Number: PCS NO. 05582

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

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**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**


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**Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.**

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - On basis of test data.

Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - On basis of test data.

**Revision**

Identification Number: 369277 / A293 / Issue Date: 14.09.2018 / Version: 4.0

DAS Code: GF-1364

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
IE OEL	Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1
OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)
TWA	Time Weighted Average (TWA):
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

**Full text of other abbreviations**

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good



Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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