

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### Operator protection:

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.

### Environmental protection:

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER with the product or its container.

Do not clean application equipment near surface water.

Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

### Storage and disposal:

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDING STUFFS.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY, empty washings into the spray tank and dispose of safely.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose.

This label is compliant with the CPA  
Voluntary Initiative Guidance (UK only)



## PROTECT FROM FROST

### PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

Triple Rinse Containers, Puncture and Invert to Dry at time of Use

®Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow



Product Registration Number: MAPP 12058/PCS No. 03728

A suspension concentrate containing 120 g/litre (11.6% w/w) spinosad.

A selective insecticide for use in PROTECTED ORNAMENTAL PLANT PRODUCTION and PROTECTED CROPS OF CUCUMBER, TOMATO, PEPPER and AUBERGINE for the control of WESTERN FLOWER THRIP.

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work (UK only)

1 litre e



Product Identifier according to Art.18 of Reg. (EC)  
No 1272/2008 [CLP]: Conserve®

### WARNING

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste  
Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use

MAPP 12058/PCS No. 03728



## IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS A HORTICULTURAL INSECTICIDE

**Crops/Situations:** Ornamental plant production (protected), cucumber (protected), tomato (protected), pepper (protected), aubergine (protected)

**Maximum Individual Dose:** }  
**Maximum Number of Treatments:** } Full details are given in the  
**Latest Time of Application:** } Important Information area on the  
**Other Specific Restrictions:** } attached leaflet

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTIONS PRODUCTS.

Manufactured by:  
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## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS A HORTICULTURAL INSECTICIDE

Crop/Situation	Maximum Individual Dose	Maximum Number of Treatments	Latest Time of Application
Ornamental plant production (protected)	75 mL per 100 litres of water	3 per crop (See "Other specific restrictions")	-
Cucumber (protected), tomato (protected), pepper (protected), aubergine (protected)	80 mL per 100 litres of water	3 per crop (See "Other specific restrictions")	3 days before harvest

#### Other specific restrictions:

For protected ornamental plants apply a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays followed by a minimum 10 week interval before any further applications of CONSERVE.

For protected cucumber, tomato, pepper and aubergine, apply a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays followed by a minimum 28 day interval before any further applications of CONSERVE.

In protected situations the total number of applications of any spinosad containing product must not exceed 6 per glasshouse/protected structure in a 12 month period, regardless of the crop being treated (including ornamentals).

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## PROTECTED ORNAMENTAL PLANT PRODUCTION

<b>Pest</b>	Control of Western Flower Thrip
<b>Rate</b>	75 mL per 100 litres of water
<b>Water volume</b>	500-1000 litres of water
<b>Maximum number of applications</b>	3 per crop (2 consecutive)
<b>Time of application</b>	Apply when the nymphs or adults are first seen. Monitor carefully pest development to determine whether repeat applications are necessary. A 2 spray programme at 5 to 7 day intervals should be applied when conditions favour rapid pest development.  Apply a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays followed by a minimum 10 week interval before any further applications of CONSERVE.  In protected situations the total number of applications of any spinosad containing product must not exceed 6 per glasshouse/protected structure in a 12 month period, regardless of the crop being treated (including ornamentals).
<b>Latest time of application</b>	No latest time of application.
<b>Crop safety</b>	CONSERVE has been tested on a wide range of ornamentals grown as pot plants and cut flowers. CONSERVE has good plant safety when applied at different growth stages.  In view of the large number of species and cultivars grown it is recommended to test CONSERVE on a small number of plants to confirm plant safety before spraying the crop.  Some spotting of <i>Saintpaulia</i> (African Violet) flowers may occur.
<b>Notes</b>	Some plants, e.g. Fuchsia flowers, can provide effective refuges from spray deposits of CONSERVE and control may be reduced.

## PROTECTED CUCUMBER, TOMATO, PEPPER AND AUBERGINE

<b>Pest</b>	Control of Western flower thrip
<b>Rate</b>	80 mL per 100 litres of water (maximum of 800 mL/ha)
<b>Water volume</b>	600-1000 litres of water
<b>Maximum number of applications</b>	3 per crop (2 consecutive)
<b>Time of application</b>	Apply when the nymphs or adults are first seen. Monitor carefully pest development to determine whether repeat applications are necessary. A 2 spray programme at 7 day intervals should be applied when conditions favour rapid pest development.  Apply a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays followed by a minimum 28 day interval before any further applications of CONSERVE.  In protected situations the total number of applications of any spinosad containing product must not exceed 6 per glasshouse/protected structure in a 12 month period, regardless of the crop being treated (including ornamentals).  If the final insecticide chemical application to a crop was spinosad, choose a different insecticide active ingredient to begin spraying on the next crop.  Do not apply later than 3 days before harvest.
<b>Latest time of application</b>	3 days before harvest
<b>Crop safety</b>	It is recommended to test CONSERVE on a small number of plants to confirm the crop safety before spraying a large area.
<b>Notes</b>	Consult processors before use.

## RESISTANCE

### GENERAL

To reduce the possibility of the development of resistance:

- Total reliance on one pesticide will hasten the development of resistance: Spinosad has a different mode of action from other insecticides and is most effective when applied in planned programmes with other insecticides with different modes of action.
- Avoid use of the same active ingredient or mode of action on consecutive generations of insects. However, multiple applications to reduce a single generation are acceptable. If uncertain of the generation cycle, no more than two consecutive applications should be used, or should there be continuous use for more than 30 days.

Do not use CONSERVE on consecutive generations for insects which show a high risk of resistance such as Western flower thrip.

- Do not use reduced label rates when applied alone or in tank mixtures.

## PROTECTED CROPS

- Western flower thrips have shown resistance to certain chemical groups including spinosad. Where resistance is confirmed, 'Conserve' is unlikely to give satisfactory control. Resistance management steps should be taken as it is considered a high resistance risk pest in protected crops/plants, including appropriate monitoring.
- Before undertaking a spray programme with CONSERVE establish whether incoming plant material has previously been treated with CONSERVE or another spinosad containing product.
- Carry out careful monitoring and apply when the Western flower thrip is first seen making repeat applications at 5-7 day intervals for protected ornamentals with a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays, and 7 day intervals for protected cucumbers, tomato, pepper and aubergine only if needed, with a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays.
- For protected ornamental plants apply a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays followed by a minimum 10 weeks interval before any further applications of CONSERVE.
- For protected cucumber, tomato, pepper and aubergine, apply a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays followed by a minimum 28 day interval before any further applications of CONSERVE.
- In protected situations the total number of applications of **any** spinosad containing product must not exceed 6 per glasshouse/protected structure in a 12-month period regardless of the crop being treated.
- The maximum of 6 applications per structure in a 12 month period applies even if only part of the structure is treated at each application, such as with all year round (AYR) chrysanthemums.
- Apply in programmes with other insecticides with a different mode of action and use no further sprays of CONSERVE (or any other spinosad containing products) once the maximum number of sprays have been applied.
- If the final insecticide application to a crop was spinosad, choose a different insecticide active ingredient to begin spraying on the next crop.
- Applications should be targeted against early insect developmental stages whenever possible.
- Do not use reduced label rates.
- Whenever possible use an Integrated Pest Management programme.
- Choose resistant cultivars.

## INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

Whenever possible use an Integrated Pest Management programme.

### BEES

Do not apply in the heat of the day when bees may be foraging as contact with direct spray may be harmful. Remove the hive during spraying as exposure to direct spray may be harmful to bees. Dow AgroSciences take the most restrictive approach and recommend that a period of 24 hours after application and all spray deposits are thoroughly dry before exposure of bees. Water pools with residues of spinosad will continue to pose a risk and should be avoided.

### PROTECTED CROPS

As part of an Integrated Pest Management Programme.

- Inspect all incoming plant material for presence of Western flower thrip and treat if necessary.
- Monitor ornamental stock routinely to determine need for control measures.
- Use screens or barriers to prevent insects migrating.
- Use predators and parasites.
- Carefully choose any chemical products used in the pesticide programme and consider any side effects on bees and beneficial arthropods.

CONSERVE has been tested on a wide range of predators and parasites used to control pests in protected ornamentals. The active ingredient, spinosad has been shown to be of low impact to many insect and mite predators but harmful to adults of most parasitic wasps (*Hymenoptera*).

Exposure to direct spray is harmful to bumble bees, but dry spray deposits are harmless.

When applied to plants where insect and mite predators are present CONSERVE may cause a temporary reduction in abundance.

For susceptible predators (parasitic hymenoptera) re-introduction is possible after 7 days following application (with perhaps 14 days in winter months). For most other predators introduction is possible 24 hours after application. Re-introduction of *Orius laevigatus* is advised one week later.

CONSERVE, when used according to good agricultural practice is unlikely to pose an unacceptable risk to honeybees and beneficial arthropods.

Beneficials may be safely introduced to treated plants after an application of CONSERVE according to the following table:

CONSERVE Recommendations for Integrated Use with Predators and Parasites			
Beneficial Type	Species	*IOBC Toxicity Class Rating	Introduction Best Practices
Predatory mites	<i>Phytoseiulus persimilis</i>	Harmless (1)	Data suggest predatory mites introduced when spray deposits are dry may be affected but will recover after 24 hours.
	<i>Amblyseius californicus</i>	Harmless (1)	
Predatory insects	<i>Amblyseius cucumeris</i>	Harmless (1)	Data suggest predatory insects introduced when spray deposits are dry may be affected but will recover after 24 hours. <i>Orius laevigatus</i> is best introduced after 7 days. <i>M.caliginosus</i> may be introduced on the day of application once spray deposits are dry. If CONSERVE is applied directly to plants containing <i>M.caliginosus</i> there may be a short-term reduction in numbers.
	<i>Chrysoperla carnea</i>	Harmless (1)	
	<i>Orius laevigatus</i>	Slightly Harmful (2)	
	<i>Aphidoletes aphidimyza</i>	Harmless (1)	
Parasitic wasps	<i>Macrolophus caliginosus</i>	Harmless (1)	Direct applications of CONSERVE are harmful to parasitic wasps. Wait at least 7 days after an application of CONSERVE before introducing new parasites.
	<i>Aphidius colemani</i>	Harmful (4)	
	<i>Encarsia formosa</i>	Moderately Harmful (3)	
	<i>Trichogramma brassicae</i>	Moderately Harmful (3)	
	<i>Diglyphus isaea</i>	Harmful (4)	

\*Toxicity ratings:

Class 1	Harmless less than 25% reduction
Class 2	Slightly harmful 25–50% reduction
Class 3	Moderately harmful 50–75% reduction
Class 4	Harmful more than 75% reduction

For further information and the latest advice on beneficial insects and mites and their integrated use with CONSERVE consult Fargo Ltd.

### MIXING

For ensure thorough mixing of the product invert the container several times before opening. Half fill the spray tank with water, begin agitation and add the required quantity of CONSERVE. Fill up the spray tank, agitating continuously to ensure thorough mixing, and maintain agitation until spraying is complete. Use only clean water for mixing.

For knapsack sprayers, half fill the spray tank with water and add the required quantity of CONSERVE. Fill up the spray tank agitating continuously to ensure thorough mixing. Use the spray solution immediately after preparation.

### SPRAY VOLUME

Apply in a high volume spray to ensure thorough coverage of leaves, stems and buds to the point of run off.

Water volume should reflect the need for uniform cover and penetration of the leaf canopy.

Crop	Water Volume	Comment
Protected ornamental plant production	Minimum: 500 litres/ha Maximum: 1000 litres/ha	Apply in a high volume spray to ensure thorough coverage of leaves, stems, buds and flowers to the point of run off.
Protected cucumber, tomato, pepper, aubergine	Minimum: 600 litres/ha Maximum: 1000 litres/ha	Apply in a high volume spray to ensure thorough coverage of leaves, stems, buds, flowers and fruits to the point of run off.

#### **APPLICATION EQUIPMENT**

Apply CONSERVE using either a hydraulic nozzle motorised sprayer or knapsack sprayer. Ensure the equipment is in good working order and has been calibrated according to the manufacturers' recommendations.

#### **NOTES**

Wash spray tank and equipment (including knapsack sprayers) thoroughly with water and a liquid detergent immediately after use. Spray out. Fill with clean water and leave overnight. Spray out again before using another product.

#### **Dow AgroSciences Conditions of Supply**

All goods supplied by us are of high grade and we believe them to be suitable but, as we cannot exercise control over their storage, handling, mixing or use, or the weather conditions before, during or after application which may affect the performance of the goods, all conditions and warranties, statutory or otherwise, as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded. No responsibility will be accepted by us or re-sellers for any failure in performance, damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff or agents whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.

#### **UK**

To access the Safety Data Sheet for this product scan the QR code or use the weblink below:



<http://uk.dowagro.com/wp-content/uploads/CONSERVE-SDS.pdf>

Alternatively contact your supplier

#### **REPUBLIC OF IRELAND**

To access the Safety Data Sheet for this product scan the QR code or use the weblink below:



<http://uk.dowagro.com/wp-content/uploads/CONSERVE-IRL-SDS.pdf>

Alternatively contact your supplier

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WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.

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Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

### Storage and disposal:

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Triple Rinse Containers, Puncture and Invert to Dry at time of Use

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an affiliated company of Dow

# CONSERVE®

Product Registration Number: MAPP 12058/PCS No. 03728  
A suspension concentrate containing 120 g/litre (11.6% w/w)  
spinosad.

A selective insecticide for use in PROTECTED ORNAMENTAL  
PLANT PRODUCTION and PROTECTED CROPS OF CUCUMBER,  
TOMATO, PEPPER and AUBERGINE for the control of WESTERN  
FLOWER THRIP.

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health  
Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work (UK only)

1 litre e



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MAPP 12058/ PCS No. 03728



## IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS A HORTICULTURAL INSECTICIDE

### Crops/Situations:

Ornamental plant production  
(protected), cucumber (protected),  
tomato (protected), pepper  
(protected), aubergine (protected)

### Maximum Individual Dose:

} Full details are given in the

### Maximum Number of Treatments:

} Important Information area on the

### Latest Time of Application:

} attached leaflet

### Other Specific Restrictions:

} attached leaflet

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